1

CLAIMS:

- 1 1. A signal distribution system for distributing wireless communications network
- 2 signals, the system comprising:
- a plurality of rf transmitters for transmitting rf signals to serve communications
- 4 devices in a plurality of network cells or sectors; and
- 5 characterised in that the system further comprises:
- a multiplexer, coupled to the rf transmitters, for multiplexing output signals from
- 7 the transmitters and outputting a multiplexed transmitter signal;
- a signal transporter, coupled to the multiplexer, for transporting the multiplexed
- 9 transmitter signals to each of the network cells or sectors served by the transmitters; and
- a multiplexed signal receiver at each served cell or sector, coupled to the signal
- transporter, for selecting and receiving a transmitter signal from an rf transmitter
- serving the cell or sector from the multiplexed transmitter signal.
- 1 2. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a transmit
- antenna at each served cell or sector, coupled to an output of a respective multiplexed
- 3 signal receiver, for transmitting a signal from the rf transmitter serving the cell or sector
- 4 to a communications device within the cell or sector.
- 1 3. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 2, further comprising at least
- 2 one signal combiner having inputs coupled to at least two of the rf transmitters and an
- 3 output coupled to the multiplexer, to combine the outputs of the rf transmitters and
- 4 output a combined signal for multiplexing.
- 1 4. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 3, wherein each transmitter is
- 2 connected to a common digital interface to a digital data transmission network.
 - 5. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 1, further comprising:

- a plurality of rf receivers, each associated with a said rf transmitter, for receiving
- 3 rf signals from devices in the plurality of network cells or sectors;
- a cell signal transmitter at each cell or sector, coupled to the signal transporter,
- 5 for receiving a signal from a communications device in the cell or sector and for
- 6 outputting a cell or sector signal onto the signal transporter to make up at least part of a
- 7 multiplexed cell or sector signal; and
- a demultiplexer, coupled to the signal transporter, for demultiplexing the
- 9 multiplexed cell or sector signal and for outputting a plurality of demultiplexed cell or
- sector signals corresponding to the plurality of rf receivers.
- 1 6. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 5, further comprising a receiver
- 2 antenna at each said cell or sector, coupled to the respective cell or sector signal
- 3 transmitter of the cell or sector.
- 1 7. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 5 or 6, further comprising at
- 2 least one signal splitter having an input coupled to the demultiplexer and outputs
- 3 coupled to at least two of the rf receivers, to provide at least one said demultiplexed cell
- 4 or sector signal to two or more of the rf receivers.
- 1 8. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 7, comprising a plurality of rf
- 2 transceivers, each comprising a said rf transmitter and rf receiver, each transceiver
- 3 forming part of either a Base Transceiver Station (BTS) of a GSM network or a Node B
- 4 of an IMT-2000 network.
- 1 9. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 5, wherein the signal transporter
- 2 comprises a fibre optic cable, the multiplexed transmitter signal comprises an optical
- 3 signal and the multiplexed cell signal comprises an optical signal.
- 1 10. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 9, wherein the fibre optic cable
- 2 comprises a pair of optical fibres, a first fibre for transporting the multiplexed

- 3 transmitter signal and a second fibre for transporting the multiplexed cell or sector
- 4 signal.
- 1 11. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 9, wherein the fibre optic cable
- 2 forms part of a cable TV distribution system.
- 1 12. A signal reception system for receiving wireless communications network
- 2 signals, the system comprising:
- at least one rf receiver for receiving rf signals from communications devices in a
- 4 corresponding plurality of network cells or sectors served by the receiver; and
- 5 characterised in that the system further comprises:
- a signal transporter for transporting signals from each served cell or sector to a
- 7 demultiplexer;
- a cell or sector signal transmitter at each cell or sector, coupled to the signal
- 9 transporter, for receiving a signal from a communications device in the cell or sector
- and for transmitting a cell or sector signal onto the signal transporter to make up at least
- part of a multiplexed cell or sector signal on the signal transporter; and
- a demultiplexer, coupled to the signal transporter and to the rf receiver, for
- demultiplexing the multiplexed cell or sector signal on the signal transporter and for
- outputting a plurality of demultiplexed cell or sector signals to the receiver.
- 1 13. A signal reception system as claimed in claim 12, further comprising a receive
- antenna at each said cell or sector, coupled to the respective cell or sector signal
- 3 transmitter of the cell or sector.
- 1 14. A signal reception system as claimed in claim 13, comprising a plurality of said
- 2 rf receivers for receiving signals from the plurality of network cells or sectors, and
- 3 wherein the demultiplexer outputs the plurality of demultiplexed signals to the plurality
- 4 of receivers.

- 1 15. A signal reception system as claimed in claim 14, further comprising at least one
- 2 signal splitter having an input coupled to the demultiplexer and outputs coupled to at
- 3 least two of the rf receivers, to provide at least one said demultiplexed cell or sector
- 4 signal to two or more of the rf receivers.
- 1 16. A signal reception system as claimed in claim 15, wherein each rf receiver is
- 2 connected to a common digital interface to a digital data transmission network.
- 1 17. A signal reception system as claimed in claim 16, wherein the signal transporter
- 2 comprises a fibre optic cable, and wherein the multiplexed cell or sector signal
- 3 comprises an optical signal.
- 1 18. A signal reception system as claimed in claim 17, wherein the fibre optic cable
- 2 forms part of a cable TV distribution system.
- 1 19. A signal distribution or reception system as claimed in claim 9 or 17, wherein
- 2 the fibre optic cable includes a cable loop; the system further comprising a monitor to
- 3 monitor integrity of signal transmission on the cable loop and a switch responsive to the
- 4 monitor to reverse a direction of signal transmission on the cable loop in response to the
- 5 monitor signalling that the integrity of signal transmission is or has been adversely
- 6 affected.
- 1 20. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 19, wherein a said monitor is
- 2 located at a cell and the switch is located at a point on the cable loop remote from the
- 3 monitor; the system further comprising a monitoring signal transmitter for transmitting
- 4 a monitoring signal from the monitor to the switch.
- 1 21. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 1 or 12, wherein the plurality of
- 2 served network cells or sectors comprises cells or sectors of a single mobile
- 3 communications network operator.

- 1 22. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 1 or 12, wherein the plurality of
- 2 served network cells or sectors comprises cells or sectors of a plurality of different
- 3 mobile communications network operators.
- 1 23. A system for distributing signals from an rf transmitter to a plurality of antennas
- 2 for transmitting to a plurality of coverage regions, the system comprising:
- an rf-to-optical converter for converting an rf input signal from the transmitter
- 4 into an optical output signal;
- a fibre optic cable, coupled to the rf-to-optical converter, for transporting the
- 6 optical signal; and
- a plurality of optical-to-rf converters, each coupled to the fibre optic cable, for
- 8 providing an rf output signal corresponding to the rf signal from the transmitter to the
- 9 plurality of antennas.
- 1 24. A system as claimed in claim 23, wherein the fibre optical cable comprises a
- 2 loop and wherein the optical-to-rf converters are coupled to the fibre optic cable at
- 3 points within the loop.
- 1 25. A system as claimed in claim 24, for distributing signals of a cellular
- 2 communications network, wherein the plurality of antennas serve a plurality of cells or
- 3 sectors of the network and wherein the transmitter provides a common rf transmit signal
- 4 for all the said cells or sectors.
- 1 26. A method of distributing signals for a communications network, the
- 2 communications network having a plurality of cells or sectors each served by a
- 3 transmitter, the method comprising:
- 4 multiplexing output signals from the transmitters to provide a composite signal
- 5 comprising transmissions for each of the plurality of cells or sectors;
- distributing the composite signal to each of the cells or sectors; and

- selecting, at a said cell or sector, the transmission for the cell or sector from the
- 8 composite signal.
- 1 27. A method of distributing signals as claimed in claim 26, further comprising:
- 2 monitoring a signal distribution path; and
- switching to an alternate signal distribution path when the monitoring indicates
- 4 failure or partial failure of the signal distribution path.
- 1 28. A method as claimed in claim 27, further comprising using a cable TV network
- 2 to distribute the said composite signal.
- 1 29. A method of receiving signals for a communications network, the
- 2 communications network having a plurality of cells or sectors each served by a receiver,
- 3 the method comprising:
- 4 receiving signals from communications devices in the plurality of cells or
- 5 sectors;
- forming a multiplexed signal comprising the signals received in the cells or
- 7 sectors;
- 8 transmitting the multiplexed signal to a demultiplexer;
- 9 demultiplexing the received signals using the demultiplexer; and
- 10 providing the or each receiver with a received signal from each said cell or
- 11 sector.
- 1 30. A method of receiving signals as claimed in claim 29, further comprising
- 2 monitoring a signal transmission path; and
- 3 switching to an alternate signal transmission path when the monitoring indicates
- 4 failure or partial failure of the signal transmission path.
- 1 31. A method as claimed in claim 30, further comprising using a cable TV network
- 2 to transmit the said multiplexed signal.

- 1 32. A method of distributing signals as claimed in claim 26 or a method of receiving
- 2 signals as claimed in claim 29, wherein the distributed and/or received signals comprise
- 3 signals for two or more communications networks having different operators.
- 1 33. A method of communicating signals for a communications network, the
- 2 communications network having a plurality of cells or sectors each served by a
- 3 transmitter and receiver, the method comprising:
- 4 multiplexing output signals from the transmitters to provide a composite signal
- 5 comprising transmissions for each of the plurality of cells or sectors;
- distributing the composite signal to each of the cells or sectors; and
- selecting, at a said cell or sector, the transmission for the cell or sector from the
- 8 composite signal; and
- 9 receiving signals from communications devices in the plurality of cells or
- 10 sectors;
- forming a multiplexed signal comprising the signals received in the cells or
- 12 sectors;
- transmitting the multiplexed signal to a demultiplexer;
- demultiplexing the received signals using the demultiplexer; and
- 15 providing the or each receiver with a received signal from each said cell or
- 16 sector; and
- wherein said distributing and said transmitting use separate fibres of a single
- 18 fibre optic cable.
- 1 34. A method of distributing an rf transmitter signal to cells or sectors of a wireless
- 2 communications network, the method comprising:
- 3 converting the rf transmitter signal to an optical signal;

- distributing the optical signal to the cells or sectors of the network over a fibre
- 5 optical cable; and
- 6 converting the optical signal to an rf signal for transmission at each said cell or
- 7 sector.
- 1 35. A multiplexer for multiplexing rf output signals from a plurality of transmitters
- 2 onto a multiplexed output signal, each transmitter serving at least one cell or sector in a
- 3 cellular communication network, the multiplexer comprising:
- a plurality of rf-to-optical converters to convert the rf outputs of the plurality of
- transmitters to a corresponding plurality of optical signals; and
- an optical multiplexer to multiplex the plurality of optical signals to provide a
- 7 multiplexed optical output signal from which a signal for serving a cell or sector is
- 8 selectable.
- 1 36. A multiplexer as claimed in claim 35, further comprising at least one rf signal
- 2 combiner for combining rf outputs from a plurality of transmitters serving substantially
- 3 the same geographical cell or sector, or overlapping cells or sectors, and wherein said rf-
- 4 to-optical converter is coupled to an output of the rf signal combiner, to convert the
- 5 combined rf outputs to an optical signal for said optical multiplexer, whereby a signal
- 6 for serving a cell or sector comprising signals from a plurality of transmitters serving
- 7 the cell or sector is selectable from the multiplexed optical signal.
- 1 37. A multiplexer as claimed in claim 36, further comprising a demultiplexer for
- 2 receiving a multiplexed optical signal and for demultiplexing an optical signal for at
- 3 least one said cell or sector from the received multiplexed signal.
- 1 38. A multiplexer as claimed in claim 37, further comprising an optical-to-rf
- 2 converter to receive and convert the demultiplexed optical signal to an rf signal; and an

- 3 rf splitter coupled to the optical-to-rf converter to provide the rf signal to two or more
- 4 receivers serving the said cell or sector.
- 1 39. A demultiplexer for receiving and demultiplexing a multiplexed optical signal,
- 2 the multiplexed signal comprising signals received from a plurality of cells or sectors of
- 3 a cellular communications network, the demultiplexer comprising:
- an optical demultiplexer to demultiplex the multiplexed optical signal into a
- 5 plurality of separate optical signals, each corresponding to a signal received from a said
- 6 cell or sector; and
- a plurality of optical-to-rf converters, each coupled to the optical demultiplexer,
- 8 for converting the plurality of optical signals to a corresponding plurality of rf signals
- 9 for output to a plurality of rf receivers serving the said plurality of cells or sectors.
- 1 40. A demultiplexer as claimed in claim 39, further comprising at least one signal
- 2 splitter having an input coupled to an output of a said optical-to-rf converter and a
- 3 plurality of outputs, to output a corresponding plurality of versions of an rf signal input
- 4 to the splitter for providing the rf output signal versions to a plurality of receivers
- 5 serving substantially the same cell or sector or overlapping cells or sectors.
- 1 41. A signal receiver for a cell or sector of a cellular communications network, the
- 2 signal receiver comprising:
- an optical input, to receive a multiplexed optical signal:
- an optical selector to select a part of the multiplexed optical signal comprising
- 5 an optical signal carrying information for an rf signal for the cell or sector; and
- an optical-to-rf converter, having an input coupled to the optical selector and an
- 7 output for receiving and converting the selected part of the multiplexed signal into an rf
- signal, and for outputting the rf signal for transmission by the cell or sector.

11

42. A signal transmitter for a cell or sector of a cellular communications network, 1 the signal transmitter comprising: 2 an rf input for inputting an rf signal received from a cell or sector antenna; 3 an rf-to-optical converter, coupled to the rf input, for converting the rf input 4 5 signal to an optical signal; and 6 an optical multiplexer, coupled to the rf-to-optical converter, to multiplex to the 7 optical signal into a multiplexed optical signal comprising optical signals provided from one or more other cells or sectors. 8 1 43. A signal receiver or transmitter as claimed in claim 41 or 42, further comprising an optical signal monitor having an optical input for monitoring an optical signal 2 present at the signal receiver or transmitter; and 3 a signal transmitter, coupled to the optical signal monitor, for transmitting a 4 5 system management signal to indicate that a level of the monitored optical signal has dropped below a threshold value. 6 1 44. A system for coupling cell transceivers of a cellular mobile communications 2 network to respective cell antennas, the system comprising: 3 a plurality of said cell transceivers and cell antennas; a transceiver signal combiner/separator coupled to the plurality of transceivers 4 and to a signal bearer to combine transceiver output signals from the transceivers for 5 6 output onto the signal bearer and to separate combined transceiver input signals 7 received from the bearer for input to the transceivers; 8 a signal bearer coupled to the combiner/separator to carry the combined transceiver input and output signals between the transceivers and each cell; and 9 10 a plurality of cell signal combiner/separators, each coupled to the signal bearer

- signals on the signal bearer received at other cell antennas to provide said combined
- transceiver input signals, and to separate a transmit signal for the cell antenna from said
- 14 combined transceiver output signals.
- 1 45. A system as claimed in claim 44, further comprising a digital interface device
- 2 interfaced with each said cell transceiver to provide a common physical interface to a
- data network shared by transceivers of different cellular communications networks.
- 1 46. A system as claimed in claim 45, wherein the signal bearer is configured to
- 2 provide redundant signal paths between a transceiver and a said cell.
- 1 47. A system as claimed in claim 46, wherein said transceiver signal
- 2 combiner/splitter comprises an optical multiplexer/demultiplexer.
- 1 48. A system as claimed in claim 44, further comprising a signal combiner/splitter
- 2 having a first interface comprising a plurality of first signal lines and a second interface
- 3 comprising at least one second signal line, the plurality of first signal lines being
- 4 coupled to a subset of said transceivers and the second signal line being coupled to said
- 5 combiner/separator; the combiner/splitter combining output signals from the subset of
- 6 transceivers on the first signal lines and providing a combined output signal on the
- 7 second signal line, and receiving an input signal on the second signal line and outputting
- 8 versions of the received input signal on the first signal lines for reception by the
- 9 transceivers.
- 1 49. A system as claimed in claim 44, wherein said signal bearer additionally carries
- 2 television signals.
- 1 50. A system as claimed in claim 44, for use with a GSM cellular communications
- 2 network.
- 1 51. A system as claimed in claim 44, for use with an IMT-2000 cellular
- 2 communications network.

- 1 52. A cellular communications sub-system comprising a plurality of transceivers
- 2 each serving a respective cell, each cell having a cell antenna;
- 3 characterised in that
- 4 the transceivers for a plurality of said cells are substantially co-located, and in
- 5 that the system further comprises:
- transceiver interface means to combine rf interfaces of a plurality of the
- 7 transceivers into a combined signal interface;
- 8 transport means to transport signals between the combined signal interface and
- 9 two or more of said cells; and
- coupling means to selectively couple signals between said transport means and
- 11 each said cell antenna.
- 1 53. A cellular communications sub-system as claimed in claim 52, wherein said
- 2 transport means comprises optical signal transport means.
- 1 54. A cellular communications sub-system as claimed in claim 53, wherein said
- 2 optical signal transport means is configured for transporting a supplementary high
- 3 bandwidth data service.
- 1 55. A cellular communications sub-system as claimed in claim 52, wherein said
- 2 transceiver interface means and said coupling means both include a bi-directional
- 3 interface for, respectively, said transceivers and said transport means.
- 1 56. A cellular communications sub-system as claimed in claim 55, wherein said
- 2 transceiver interface means and said coupling means each comprise a signal combiner
- 3 and a signal selector.
- 1 57. A signal distribution system for distributing signals for a wireless
- 2 communications network in which a geographical area covered by the network is
- 3 divided into cells, the system comprising:

- a first wireless transmitter to provide a first signal output for serving a first cell;
- a second wireless transmitter to provide a second signal output for serving a
- 6 second cell;
- a multiplexer having inputs coupled to the first and second wireless transmitters
- 8 to receive the first and second signal outputs from the transmitters and having an output,
- 9 to multiplex the received transmitter outputs onto a multiplexed output signal;
- a signal transporter coupled to the multiplexer output to transport the
- multiplexed signal to first and second cell sites; and
- a first signal selector at the first cell, coupled to the signal transporter to select a
- 13 first signal from the multiplexed signal corresponding to the signal output from the first
- transmitter, for serving the first cell.
- 1 58. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 57, further comprising a second
- 2 signal selector at the second cell, coupled to the signal transporter to select a second
- 3 signal from the multiplexed signal corresponding to the signal output from the second
- 4 transmitter, for serving the second cell.
- 1 59. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 58, further comprising first and
- 2 second wireless antennas at the first and second cells; means coupled to the reception
- 3 antennas and to the signal transporter to multiplex signals received from the first and
- 4 second reception antennas onto the signal transporter; and a demultiplexer to
- 5 demultiplex the first and second receiver signals and to provide the demultiplexed
- 6 signals to third and fourth receivers serving the first and second cells.
- 1 60. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 57, wherein said signal
- 2 transporter forms part of a signal transport network providing a domestic analogue
- 3 and/or digital data transport service.

- 1 61. A signal transmission system for transmitting signals between a plurality of
- transmitters and/or receivers and a corresponding plurality of antennas, each antenna
- 3 serving a separate cell of a cellular communications system, the signal transmission
- 4 system comprising a fibre optic cable for coupling the transmitters and/or receivers and
- 5 corresponding antennas, characterised in that:
- the fibre optic cable includes a loop; and in that
- 7 the system further comprises a monitor to monitor integrity of signal
- 8 transmission on the cable loop and a switch responsive to the monitor to reverse a
- 9 direction of signal transmission on the cable loop and/or to select an end of the cable
- loop for reception of signals from a cell of the communication system in response to the
- monitor signalling that the integrity of signal transmission is or has been adversely
- 12 affected.
- 1 62. A signal transmission system as claimed in claim 61, comprising a plurality of
- 2 said transmitters and a corresponding plurality of said receivers and wherein said fibre
- 3 optic cable comprises a first fibre for transmitting signals for said transmitters, and a
- 4 second fibre for transmitting signals for said receivers.
- 1 63. A signal transmission system as claimed in claim 62, wherein a said monitor is
- 2 located at a cell and the switch is located remotely from the monitor, the system further
- 3 comprising means for transmitting a monitoring signal from the monitor to the switch.
- 1 64. A signal distribution system for a GSM mobile communications network
- 2 comprising a digital communications network, at least one Base Station Controller
- 3 (BSC) and a plurality of Base Transceiver Stations (BTSs), each Base Transceiver
- 4 Station having a digital interface coupled to the Base Station Controller via the digital
- 5 communications network.
- 6 characterised in that:

- 7 the system further comprises a common digital interface device to the digital
- 8 communications network; and in that
- each of the Base Transceiver Stations is coupled to the common interface device
- to provide a shared digital connection for the Base Transceiver Stations to the Base
- 11 Station Controller.
- 1 65. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 64, further comprising signal
- transportation means for transporting signals to and from a said BTS or Node B to a cell
- 3 site antenna over a cable TV signal distribution network.
- 1 66. A signal distribution system for a IMT-2000 mobile communications network
- 2 comprising a digital communications network, at least one Radio Network Controller
- 3 (RNC) and a plurality of Node Bs, each Node B having a digital interface coupled to the
- 4 Radio Network Controller via the digital communications network,
- 5 characterised in that:
- 6 the system further comprises a common digital interface device to the digital
- 7 communications network; and in that
- 8 each of the Node Bs is coupled to the common interface device to provide a
- 9 shared digital connection for the Node Bs to the Radio Network Controller.
- 1 67. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 66, further comprising signal
- 2 transportation means for transporting signals to and from a said BTS or Node B to a cell
- 3 site antenna over a cable TV signal distribution network.
- 1 68. A signal distribution system as claimed in claim 11, 18, 65 or 67 or a method as
- 2 claimed in claim 28 or 31, wherein cable TV signals are carried in a first fibre optical
- 3 transmission band and communications network signals are carried in a second fibre
- 4 optic transmission band, separate from the first band.